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BIENNIAL REPORT  
OF THE  
BOARD OF CONTROL  
OF THE  
Colorado State  
Industrial School for Girls

MT. MORRISON, COLORADO

For the Two Years Ending November 30, 1922

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TO THE GOVERNOR

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Bureau of Business and Governmental Research  
University Extension Division  
Boulder, Colorado

1922

EAMES BROTHERS, STATE PRINTERS  
DENVER, COLORADO

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# BIENNIAL REPORT

OF THE

BOARD OF CONTROL

EXTENSION

OF THE

## Colorado State Industrial School for Girls

MT. MORRISON, COLORADO

For the Two Years Ending November 30, 1922

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TO THE GOVERNOR

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## BOARD OF CONTROL

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His Excellency, the Governor,  
*Ex-Officio*

Mrs. Jarvis Richards, President.....	Denver
Mr. Edward C. Stimson, Secretary.....	Denver
Mrs. Henry Van Kleeck.....	Denver
Mrs. Frederick J. Chamberlin.....	Denver
Mr. Edwin S. Kassler.....	Denver

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## EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

November 30, 1922

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Superintendent .....	Elizabeth Purcell
Assistant Superintendent and Bookkeeper.....	Anna L. Cooley
Parole Officer and Office Assistant.....	Elizabeth B. Gardner
Visiting Physician.....	M. Ethel V. Fraser
Nurse .....	Eleanor Koran
Farm Manager.....	Merton E. Hutton
Assistant Manager.....	John Strater







PURCELL COTTAGE, OPENED OCTOBER, 1921



## LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

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State Industrial School for Girls,  
Morrison, Colorado, December 1, 1922.

To the Honorable

OLIVER H. SHOUP,

Governor of Colorado.

Sir: Herewith I transmit to you the Report of the Board of Control and of the Superintendent of this School for the biennial period ending November 30, 1922.

As you will note, the new cottage and addition to the hospital have been completed and furnished. These improvements, together with the gymnasium, have greatly facilitated our work with the girls committed to our care and have proved to be of inestimable value in their moral and physical development.

With sincere appreciation of the interest you have always taken in the school, and in all that it has accomplished, I am,

Respectfully,

CLARICE E. RICHARDS,

President.



## SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT

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To the Honorable, the Board of Control of the State Industrial School for Girls:

I respectfully submit herewith the fourteenth biennial report of the State Industrial School for Girls, Mt. Morrison, Colorado, for the period beginning December 1, 1920, and ending November 30, 1922. We have every reason to be well satisfied with the way the work of the school has gone on during this period.

The number of girls under the care of the school was three hundred thirty-eight. One hundred fifty-seven girls were received at the school, one hundred fifty-three girls were placed on parole, and eighteen girls were returned to the school for discipline or further training. Among the girls committed all grades of home and neighborhood conditions are represented, and there is a wide variation in the causes of their delinquency. The majority of the children who make their way into such an institution are the victims of bad home conditions, divorce, step-parents, shiftless fathers, and the unfitness of the parents to give the children the proper care. It is a big problem to know what to do with boys and girls who were started wrong. The girls committed to this school are charged with being incorrigible, and not with any specific crime. The aim of the school is to prepare these girls for a useful life, and to return them to society as soon as possible. The length of time a girl remains at the school is measured by her mentality, age, and advancement, and each girl is brought to realize that a parole depends upon her own efforts. The girls live in cottages in groups of thirty. Each group is a family and is in charge of a house-mother and her assistant. The work of each day is divided into two parts—three hours being devoted to academic work and three hours to industrial training. Every girl, old and young, has some daily task to perform carrying a certain responsibility, thus developing an ability to do things. As the girls take up their training, they are led to see that the school is trying to extend to each one a real opportunity.

**NEW GIRL.** The newly committed girl is placed in quarantine for about two weeks as a precaution against epidemics, and to give opportunity to study her physical condition, character, habits and conduct. During this period she is given some privileges, and is assigned little duties which will give her an idea of the order and system of the school work. Later she is transferred to a cottage and takes her place as a member of a large family. Here she enjoys the full privileges of the school. The Colorado School for Girls is in no way like a penal institution. Conducted on the cottage plan with each family a separate unit, it provides a home atmosphere as nearly like home as can be found outside of the real home. The school is divided into three departments—the

juniors, with an average of 12 girls under ten years of age; the intermediate group of about 10 girls from 10 to 13 years, and the seniors, girls from 14 to 18 years old. Cooking, sewing and house-keeping constitute the chief training, preference being given to the industrial work, as the majority of our girls marry soon after leaving the school, and establish homes of their own.

**COOKING.** The purpose of this course is to teach girls to prepare a well balanced meal, and to serve it in an appetizing way. Much practical work is done in this class. The pupils demonstrate what they can do by preparing the whole or part of the dinner each day for the family at the executive cottage; also, they prepare vegetables, breads or plain desserts, etc., for one of the cottages. Once a month the luncheon for the Board of Control is prepared and served by this class, and they have often received great praise for their work. In addition to this course, the kitchen training, covering a period of four months, is given in the cottages under the direction of a competent and experienced woman. In this department meals are prepared for the family, numbering thirty-four people.

**SEWING.** There are four grades in this department, and in these classes the girls are taught the fundamental principles of needle work. They make the dresses worn by the girls, do some repair work, and do the general sewing for the school. In the second grade sewing, crochet and embroidery are taught. This work is most satisfactory for the girls who are below normal and cannot cope with the more advanced grades of sewing. We have a hand loom, and small rugs are made for the girls' rooms. Three months is spent in each class. An exhibit from time to time of work done in these departments shows genuine effort upon the part of the pupils, and much improvement as they pass from grade to grade. The following table shows the work done in the sewing department in the past two years. This does not include articles mended.

Aprons, kitchen .....	130	Napkins .....	260
Aprons, work .....	189	Nightgowns .....	354
Aprons, bread .....	15	Petticoats, gingham .....	296
Aprons, dining room.....	46	Petticoats, white .....	7
Aprons, laundry .....	13	Pillow slips .....	199
Bed pads .....	46	Sanitaries .....	574
Coats, winter, repaired.....	91	Sanitary bands .....	201
Dresses, class .....	248	Sheets .....	178
Dresses, work .....	508	Table cloths .....	20
Dresses, Sunday .....	44	Tea towels .....	80
Dresses, parole .....	21	Towels, hand .....	594
Drawers .....	241	Ties .....	47
Farmerette suits .....	14	Wash cloths .....	39
Gymnasium suits .....	38		
Handkerchiefs .....	486		
Total number of articles made.....			4,979

In the art class many useful articles are made for the cottages.

**SCHOLASTIC TRAINING.** Every girl is supposed to spend three hours each day in school. The pupils are grouped according





WARD AT HOSPITAL





to the level of their intelligence. The grades begin with the primary and continue through the ninth. Some instruction has been given in stenography and typewriting, but we do not encourage our girls to take up business courses, believing that domestic life is far better and much safer for them. Two girls have been sent to the school who could neither read nor write, one 14 and one 16 years old.

**GENERAL WORK.** All the interior work such as painting, varnishing, and decorating of walls, is done by the girls. The girls of each cottage keep the grounds around their house in attractive order, and the driveways clean. They have also helped with the building of the cement walks and gutters. A garden squad of about fifteen girls, under the direction of a matron, helps with the light work in the garden, and with the chores at the barn, morning and evening. This group, called "the farmerettes," is the most popular class in the school. The girls love the freedom of out of doors, and one of their greatest pleasures is to drive the team.

**HEALTH.** The health of the school has been excellent. No epidemics have visited us, and only minor cases have come up for treatment. The new hospital is well equipped to take care of all ordinary cases of sickness. Such cases as need attention by a specialist are taken to the clinic in Denver, or to one of the hospitals. All necessary treatments for defects and diseases, including venereal diseases, are given special attention. In the past year two cases have been placed under the care of a specialist. One an eye case. The little girl, 12 years old, would have lost her sight had she not been given attention. Another was the straightening of a deformed foot. Each girl receives a medical examination upon entrance. There is a hospital call every other morning, and emergency cases receive prompt attention between times. The school physician makes weekly visits to the school, and oftener if needed. One would have to see the girls as they enter the school to appreciate the change wrought by a few weeks of regular life and good food. In a short time they look like different people.

**RECREATION AND ENTERTAINMENT.** Recreation and entertainment occupy a prominent place in the life of the school. Simple plays are gotten up by the different cottages from time to time and presented to the entire school in the assembly hall. Special programs are gotten up for the observance of all national and religious holidays. The Thanksgiving, Christmas and Easter programs are worthy of special mention. An Indian play, "Glory of the Morning," staged on the lawn last summer, was later given by the girls at the Woman's Club, Denver, and received much praise. Other amusements at the school consist of a motion picture once a week, and plenty of wholesome recreation out of doors. Indeed our girls have more recreation than do many children in their own homes. Each house is supplied with a piano and there are five music boxes in the school, gifts from friends.

**MUSIC.** We have had most gratifying results from the instruction given in music. Piano lessons are given to those who show

special ability, and there is at least one girl in each cottage who can play for singing and for recreation. When a social hour is enjoyed in the assembly hall by the families, these girls are able to contribute to the program. Aside from the musical programs given, the special programs gotten up for the special holidays have been of a high character and grade of work. Our girls memorize their hymns and songs, and they have been taught all the national airs. We have an orchestra which furnishes music for our social gatherings and for dancing on Saturday afternoons. During the year several excellent musical programs have been given.

**DISCIPLINE.** This is one of the greatest problems that all grades of schools have to contend with. There are times when any girl or boy may resent school discipline. This is more in evidence in an institution where freedom of action has to be taken away, more or less. Experience has taught that the milder form of correction tends to soothe the rebellious nature and bring out the better qualities. Our form of discipline at the school is very mild. The same correction is given to the 18-year-old girl that governs the child of 8 years. No "corporal punishment" has been inflicted at the school for sixteen years.

At the present time we have three student officers who are doing exceptionally well. It is only occasionally that a girl can be found who is loyal and trustworthy to take such a place of trust, but when one does prove herself worthy she is given an opportunity to demonstrate it. A small compensation is paid these girls, and the money is mostly spent by them on clothing which they can use while at the school.

**SUNDAY SERVICE.** Religious instruction is not overlooked. Every Sunday afternoon there is a chapel service for the entire school. This service is nonsectarian, and is conducted by Rev. W. E. Collett of Denver, who has been interested in this work at the school for the past eighteen years. About two years ago Mr. Collett was made chaplain at the school. He serves practically without compensation. Sunday School is held on Sunday morning at eleven o'clock. The International Lesson Leaves and stories are used. A short devotional exercise is conducted each evening at the close of the recreation, and before breakfast each morning. Also thanks are offered at meals. Service for the Catholic girls is conducted once a month by Rev. Joseph Desautniers of Littleton. The Jewish girls have been given attention by the Council of Jewish Women. No girl is permitted to change her religion while at the school. The religion she has been trained in must be followed while here.

**FARM.** Notwithstanding the many drawbacks which occur one way and another, we have generally been able to raise an ample supply of vegetables for use at the school; this cuts the expense of food materially. In 1920 and 1921 the apple crop was a failure, due to a late frost. The 1922 crop was large, but was badly damaged by a severe hail storm in July. The loss of this fruit means a great deal to the school. The girls picked apples on shares at a neighbor's ranch and we realized four hundred boxes from the pick-

ing. Our success with chicken raising has been satisfactory. We supplied the Thanksgiving and Christmas dinners and have been able to have chicken for Sunday dinner several times during each year. A good supply of eggs is realized for daily use in the cottages, and about four hundred dozen are put down for winter use. A small dairy supplies the milk for the school.

Kinds of fruits and vegetables raised:

Apples	Cucumbers	Radishes
Beans	Greens	Salsify
Beets	Lettuce	Rhubarb
Cabbage	Melons	Spinach
Cantaloupe	Onions	Summer squash
Carrots	Parsnips	Hubbard squash
Cherries	Green peas	Tomatoes
Sweet corn	Plums	Turnips
Field corn	Pumpkins	

IMPROVEMENTS. A number of important improvements have been made in the past two years. The new cottage and hospital were furnished and opened in the fall of 1921. This gave accommodation at the school for an increase of thirty girls. The cottage was soon filled. A cesspool has been dug; a chicken house built; walks laid around the cottage and hospital; cement foot bridges built over the irrigating ditches; cement gutters built to carry the water for irrigating; about 200 feet of the irrigating ditch in front of Purell Cottage cemented; the electric wires on the ground have been changed, and a new transformer put in to distribute the current.

Aside from these permanent improvements the ordinary repairs have been kept up.

DONATIONS. We greatly appreciate the following donations to the school, and wish to thank the donors:

For amusement, fifty dollars from Mrs. Benjamin Brewster, New York City; fifteen dollars on bond investment from unknown friend.

For equipment for the gymnasium, John T. Maley, one hundred dollars; Social Science Department Woman's Club, ten dollars; Dr. Lillian Pollock, five dollars; Mrs. Ella Byers, three dollars; Monday Club, Colorado Springs, one dollar; Lion's Club, Denver, basket ball set.

Mr. Addison Orr, Boulder, in memory of Mrs. Marie Stephens, an Emerson piano.

Mr. Sholtz, Englewood, phonograph and records.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, Denver, thirteen phonograph records.

Boulder Woman's Club, Civics Committee, Columbia Grafonola and cabinet and thirty-four records.

Woman's Club, Social Science Department, story books, framed pictures.

Mr. W. Sopris, Mrs. Barron, Mr. A. W. Colburn, P. E. O. Society, magazines.

Mr. W. E. Taylor, subscription to Youth's Companion.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Collett, Christmas, Thanksgiving and Easter cards for the girls, magazines, books, many useful articles for theatrical property room.

Mrs. Geo. Whitford, fruit jars, magazines and framed picture.

Bible Institute Colportage Association, Chicago, seventy-five testaments and forty Bible story books.

Katherine L. Craig, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, one hundred fifty copies "Holiday Selections."

Mrs. E. Holmquest, Mrs. Nancy Kirkland, Denver, candy.

Mrs. Jarvis Richards, Mrs. George Gano, Mrs. E. L. Amos, Mr. E. S. Kassler, framed pictures.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Van Kleeck, games and calendars for the cottages, case and files for letters, Red Cross seals, fruit.

Dr. Lillian Pollock, prizes (books) for the best essays written by the girls.

From friends, dresses and other articles for the theatrical property room.

Mr. E. C. Stimson, electric wreath and framed pictures.

Mrs. M. P. Byers, Mrs. Ezra Clemons, Denver, books.

Mr. Thomas Jones, magician, Denver, entertainment.

Through the interest of Mrs. Margaret Conway, Denver, motion pictures from film distributors: Associated Artists, Arrow Photo Plays Co., Educational Film Exchange Co., Famous Players-Lasky Corp., First National Exhibitors Circuit, Fox Film Corp., Goldwyn Distributing Corp., W. W. Hodkinson Corp., Metro Film Service, National Pictures Corp., Pathe Exchange, Inc., Robertson-Cole Distributing Corp., Select Picture Corp., United Artists Corp., Universal Film Exchange, Inc., Vitagraph, Inc.

Mr. B. Ogden Chisholm, New York, twenty copies of Sistine Madonna, and three story books.

Miss Mary Purcell, Mrs. Agnes Moore, Rochester, New York, framed picture, andirons, and ornaments for the mantel for Purcell Cottage.

An unknown friend, through Rev. C. B. Manning, prizes (microscopes) for committing to memory Christ's Sermon on the Mount.

## REPORT OF PAROLE WORK

On parole November 30, 1922.....	50
Paroled during the two years.....	153
Returned from parole for discipline.....	15
Returned from parole for further training.....	3
Discharged while on parole.....	125
Attending school .....	24
Teaching school .....	6
Engaged in housework.....	15
Married .....	102
Clerking .....	3
Hospital attendants .....	5
Telephone operators .....	5
Left home or place, whereabouts unknown.....	4

To be eligible for parole a girl must have a good record in the school, and have finished her training. The average time spent at the school is eighteen months, but with exceptionally good conduct and work a girl may earn a parole in twelve months. For this privilege, however, she must earn an "E" (excellent) for work and behavior in all departments, for twelve consecutive months. She must be an "all-round girl," able to measure up to the full standard of efficiency. Every girl placed on parole does not make good. This is to be expected. She may leave the school with the best of intentions but much depends on her mentality, surroundings and moral tendencies. With the best of training the institution cannot in a few months make up for years of wrong environment, but the great good accomplished for a large percentage of the commitments is very gratifying. Many things have to be considered in placing a delinquent girl. The selection of suitable homes is most difficult. We have all "make-ups" to place out, and it is only when their own home conditions are changed and much improved that a girl is allowed to return to her people. But what is to be done for the high-tempered, the immorally inclined, the physically weak girl? We have all these types to boost along. They must all be given a chance, and the girl's chance of making good depends largely upon this home selection. Our aim is to place the girls in families where they will not only have kindly treatment, but will have real help toward leading useful lives. Girls placed on parole are still under the care of the school, and may be returned for cause, at any time. The average parole period is one year. After a girl has been placed on parole she is required to report to the superintendent once a month on how she is getting along. Also the employer or parents send in a monthly report to the school. While on parole the girl is followed up by the watchful care of the parole officer, who makes her frequent visits. It is required of every girl on parole to save a part of her earnings each month and have a bank account. She is also able to provide herself with suitable clothing, and in several cases the girls have given help to the people at home.

The appreciation shown by the girls who have passed from under the care of the school is best told by their letters. Frequently girls who have been gone ten years and more visit the school accom-



panied by their husbands and little families. These girls speak of the school as "home."

**DISCHARGE.** A discharge is granted only when a girl has proved by her conduct while on parole that she has had a change of mind and heart and is able to manage herself without constant supervision. During the past two years 125 girls have earned honorable discharges.

**NEEDS OF THE INSTITUTION.** I herewith respectfully submit my estimate of the appropriation necessary for the support and maintenance of the school for the next two years:

Maintenance .....	\$60,000
General repairs .....	6,000

Some of the buildings begin to show age and will need more repair work each year. The trimmings on all the buildings, except the new cottage, are in need of paint.

A new kitchen is much needed at Willard Cottage. The present kitchen is small and poorly ventilated. Also new floors are needed in the girls' rooms at Willard Cottage. Some new floors should be laid in Alcott Cottage, the oldest building on the grounds, built in 1890.

The sewer system will need attention within the next two years.

In conclusion I wish to express my sincere thanks to all those who have shown interest in the school. I feel deeply indebted to Mrs. Margaret Conway, Amusement Inspector of Denver, for making it possible for the school to have motion pictures once a week during the past two years. The loyal support of the officers and teachers is greatly appreciated. To the members of the Board of Control, for the many personal kindnesses shown me, and for the cordial support accorded me, I am sincerely grateful.

Respectfully submitted,

ELIZABETH PURCELL,  
Superintendent.



GYMNASIUM





## FACTS REGARDING THE STATE INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

It is the only institution in the state for the care of juvenile delinquent girls.

It is supported by county and state appropriations.

The girls are committed by the county judges of the state.

The girls are allowed to receive visits from parents and relatives once a month, on any day except Sundays and holidays.

There are no accommodations at the school for parents or relatives to take meals or remain over night.

The girls may write to their parents once in two weeks.

Parents may write to their daughters at any time.

All letters to and from parents are read at the office.

Mail and Parcel Post address: Mt. Morrison, Colorado.

Express address: Bedford, Colorado, Colorado & Southern Railway, Morrison Branch.

Express charges must be prepaid, in care State Industrial School for Girls.

The members of the Board of Control are appointed by the Governor for terms of five years, and serve without compensation.

## REPORT OF THE CHAPLAIN

The physical improvement and growth of the Industrial School for Girls during the last sixteen years has not been more marked than the moral and spiritual advancement.

Simple but earnest devotions are made a natural part of each day's life—at meals, at the close of day, as well as the private devotions which each girl is encouraged to remember at her bedside, whether in her private room or in the dormitory.

The Sunday School hour, 11 a. m., is devoted to singing, prayer, scripture reading and catechetical instruction under the direction of the Superintendent. Standard Sunday School song books and literature are used in connection with this work.

At the close of the Sunday School hour the chaplain seeks to impart the suggestion that even life's commonplaces abound in opportunities and interests. Of course the method is indirect. Such poems as those that Whitecomb Riley and Edgar Guest have given us to glorify the home life, stories of wild animal life by Enos Mills—these and similar readings have seemed to open to these girls new realms of thought as to life's meanings and relationships.

General devotional services are conducted at 3 o'clock on Sunday afternoons. These consist of hymns, prayer, responsive readings from the Psalms, and special music by Miss Rinehard and the girls.

The talks by the chaplain are planned to illustrate the practical phases of religious living, the experiences of every-day life. The themes therefore are quite varied, embracing a study of the women of the Bible, old fashioned virtues such as truth, honesty, industry and courage. Patriotic talks are given on the Sundays preceding our public holidays.

That the superintendent and chaplain have not labored in vain is best illustrated, perhaps, by the unsolicited and unexpected statements contained in the letters which come to Miss Purcell, often from girls who have long since received their final releases from parole.

A report of this work would be incomplete if it failed to record the fidelity of Miss Rinehard and Mrs. Madarasz in connection with the music and general program work of the school, supported by faithful teachers and officers, as well as the splendid responses on the part of the girls themselves.

Could the public at large know all the work of this school and the results achieved in character building, its moral and material support would be increased many fold.

Respectfully submitted,

W. E. COLLETT,  
Chaplain.

## PHYSICIAN'S REPORT

To the Honorable, the Board of Control of the State Industrial School for Girls:

The medical report for the biennial period just ending has no epidemic to chronicle. Influenza has not been epidemic and although Denver has had two sieges of hemorrhagic smallpox, the school has been free from this scourge. Every inmate has been vaccinated and where necessary, repeated vaccination has been resorted to.

Two mild cases of chicken pox were found and prompt isolation followed.

The most important phase of the work during these two years has been the investigation and treatment of all cases of blood syphilis. In some cases two, and even three, courses of neoarsphenamine have been necessary before a negative report was received. The manner of treatment and the use of mercury and neo-arsphenamin has been largely that outlined by the Bureau of Venereal Diseases. In one case following the fourth injection of neo-arsphenamine a reaction occurred. The entire skin exfoliated, the hair fell out and a persistent high temperature caused much discomfort. There was no nephritis nor involvement of toe or finger nails and complete recovery followed.

The dental needs of the girls have been attended to by Dr. Hunt, while Dr. Jean Gale has on three occasions seen the eye cases requiring the care of a specialist.

The school nurse, Miss Koran, has been indefatigable and most efficient in her care of the girls. So many cases are seen by her alone that the table herewith appended is far from exhaustive.

Total number girls seen.....	1,287
Wassermans .....	262
Positive Wassermans .....	67
Number girls having positive Wassermans.....	52
Positive complement fixation (Neisser).....	24
Double infection .....	18
Smears examined .....	223
Gonorrhea .....	21
Number cases of gonorrhea.....	12
Salpingitis .....	6
Bartholinitis .....	2
Menorrhagia .....	13
Amenorrhoea .....	9
Pregnant .....	6
Diseased tonsils .....	88
Nasal affections .....	9
Ear affections .....	7
Eye conditions .....	14
Valvular heart .....	6
Fractures .....	3
Bright's disease .....	3
Flat foot .....	7
Pes cavus (successful operation).....	1
Skin conditions .....	18
Trauma and shoulder dislocations.....	27
Chest conditions .....	7

Respectfully submitted,  
M. ETHEL V. FRASER, Visiting Physician of the School.

## REPORT OF WORK OF NURSE

The greater part of our work consists of the treatment of minor injuries and infections; colds, sore throats and other ailments that are always prevalent in an institution of this type. Each girl is given a thorough physical examination upon entrance and a record is kept of her health while in the school.

Total number of cases treated and medicine given.....	19,734
New commitments examined.....	157
Number of girls examined on leaving the school.....	153
Number of girls examined on return to the school.....	33
Vaccinations for smallpox.....	375
Eye cases examined by Dr. Jean Gale, specialist.....	68

ELEANOR KORAN,

Nurse.

## REPORT OF WORK OF DENTIST

Special attention is given to the care of the teeth of the girls by Dr. F. G. Hunt of Denver.

Number of patients seen by dentist.....	240
Number of amalgam fillings.....	158
Number of cement fillings.....	3
Number of porcelain fillings.....	8
Number of extractions.....	86
Number of cleanings.....	12
Gums treated .....	24

## MOVEMENT OF POPULATION

Number of girls under care of the School November 30, 1920.....	181
Committed during 1921 and 1922.....	157
Discharged .....	125
Returned to Court .....	4
Paroled .....	153
Escaped .....	3
Returned for change of place.....	4
Returned for Discipline.....	15
Returned for Investigation.....	5
Returned for Medical Treatment.....	4
Returned for Further Training.....	3
Returned from Crittenton Home.....	2
Total cared for at Crittenton Home.....	12
Number in Institution November 30, 1922.....	153
Number on Parole.....	50
Number at large.....	3
Number at Crittenton Home.....	3
Total Number under care of School November 30, 1922.....	209
Total Number cared for during Biennial Period.....	338



FOLK DANCING

CANCELLED



## OCCUPATIONS OF GIRLS COMMITTED

	1921	1922	Total
In School .....	32	22	54
Housework, for wages.....	13	11	24
Housework, at home.....	9	6	15
In store .....	5	0	5
In factory .....	5	2	7
Waitress in restaurant.....	11	4	15
Elevator pilot .....	2	0	2
Telephone operator .....	3	0	3
Laundry .....	6	3	9
Selling papers .....	1	1	2
Canvassing .....	1	0	1
Beet fields .....	7	3	10
Idle .....	5	5	10
Totals .....	100	57	157

## RELIGIOUS AFFILIATION OF GIRLS

Baptist .....	14	11	25
Catholic .....	11	15	26
Christian .....	22	6	28
Christian Science .....	2	2	4
Congregational .....	1	1	2
Dunkard .....	1	0	1
Episcopal .....	6	0	6
Jewish .....	3	0	3
Lutheran .....	1	1	2
Methodist .....	28	14	42
Mormon .....	0	2	2
Presbyterian .....	4	3	7
Seventh Day Adventist.....	0	2	2
United Brethren .....	1	0	1
Not affiliated .....	6	0	6
Totals .....	100	57	157

## AGE OF GIRLS AT TIME OF COMMITMENT

6 years .....	1	1	2
7 years .....	0	0	0
8 years .....	2	1	3
9 years .....	1	0	1
10 years .....	2	3	5
11 years .....	1	2	3
12 years .....	5	5	10
13 years .....	13	2	15
14 years .....	15	8	23
15 years .....	21	18	39
16 years .....	27	10	37
17 years .....	12	7	19
Totals .....	100	57	157

## LITERACY OF GIRLS WHEN COMMITTED

	1921	1922	Total
Primary .....	4	5	9
1st Grade .....	8	6	14
2nd Grade .....	7	6	13
3rd Grade .....	10	8	18
4th Grade .....	14	6	20
5th Grade .....	12	5	17
6th Grade .....	15	4	19
7th Grade .....	15	8	23
8th Grade .....	10	6	16
9th Grade .....	5	3	8
Totals .....	100	57	157

## NATIVITY OF GIRLS COMMITTED

American			
Arkansas .....	0	1	1
California .....	0	1	1
Colorado .....	52	25	77
Idaho .....	0	1	1
Illinois .....	2	0	2
Iowa .....	3	0	3
Kansas .....	12	8	20
Minnesota .....	1	0	1
Missouri .....	7	2	9
Montana .....	1	0	1
Nebraska .....	2	5	7
New Mexico .....	1	2	3
New York .....	1	1	2
Ohio .....	1	1	2
Oklahoma .....	3	1	4
Pennsylvania .....	3	0	3
South Dakota .....	0	2	2
Tennessee .....	1	0	1
Texas .....	1	1	2
Utah .....	1	0	1
Virginia .....	1	0	1
Washington .....	0	1	1
Wisconsin .....	2	0	2
Unknown .....	1	0	1
Total American .....	96	52	148
Foreign			
Canada .....	0	1	1
England .....	1	0	1
France .....	1	0	1
Germany .....	1	0	1
Ireland .....	0	1	1
Italy .....	1	0	1
Mexico .....	0	2	2
Russia .....	0	1	1
Total Foreign .....	4	5	9
Grand Totals .....	100	57	157



## PARENTAGE OF GIRLS COMMITTED

Father	Mother	1921	1922	Total
American	American .....	75	45	120
One Foreign				
American	Cuban .....	1	0	1
American	English .....	1	0	1
American	Russian .....	1	0	1
American	Welch .....	0	1	1
Canadian	American .....	1	0	1
English	American .....	1	0	1
German	American .....	2	1	3
Both Foreign				
Canadian	Canadian .....	1	0	1
French	French .....	1	0	1
German	German .....	3	0	3
Irish	Irish .....	0	1	1
Irish	French .....	0	1	1
Italian	Italian .....	3	1	4
Polish	Polish .....	1	3	4
Russian	Russian .....	3	3	6
Swedish	Swedish .....	2	0	2
Scotch	Scotch .....	2	0	2
Unknown	.....	2	1	3
Totals	.....	100	57	157

## NATIONALITY OF GIRLS

Mexican .....	6	3	9
Negro .....	6	1	7
White .....	88	53	141
Totals	100	57	157

## DOMESTIC RELATIONS OF PARENTS

Parents living together.....	19	11	30
Parents living, separated.....	30	16	46
Father dead, mother living.....	17	11	28
Mother dead, father living.....	24	12	36
Parents both dead.....	5	5	10
Unknown .....	5	2	7

## COUNTIES FROM WHICH GIRLS WERE COMMITTED

	1921	1922	Total
Adams .....	0	3	3
Arapahoe .....	4	1	5
Boulder .....	5	3	8
Chaffee .....	3	0	3
Conejos .....	0	1	1
Delta .....	1	0	1
Denver .....	43	29	72
Elbert .....	1	1	2
El Paso .....	6	2	8
Fremont .....	4	1	5
Garfield .....	1	0	1
Huerfano .....	2	0	2
Kit Carson .....	1	1	2
Larimer .....	5	2	7
Las Animas .....	6	3	9
Logan .....	0	3	3
Mesa .....	2	2	4
Morgan .....	1	0	1
Otero .....	2	0	2
Pueblo .....	6	1	7
Rio Grande .....	0	1	1
Routt .....	1	0	1
Teller .....	0	1	1
Weld .....	3	2	5
Yuma .....	3	0	3
Totals .....	100	57	157

## RECEIPTS FROM COUNTIES

December 1, 1920, to November 30, 1922

County	1921	1922	Total Paid	Balance due Nov. 30, 1922
Adams .....	\$ 122.00	\$ 185.00	\$ 307.00	\$ 117.50
Arapahoe .....	845.00	1,342.50	2,187.50	90.00
Boulder .....	1,093.00	1,690.50	2,783.50	135.00
Chaffee .....	189.50	579.00	768.50	45.00
Conejos .....	-----	-----	-----	72.50
Delta .....	208.00	182.50	390.50	15.00
Denver .....	9,609.50	10,258.00	19,867.50	2,034.00
Elbert .....	163.00	270.00	433.00	30.50
El Paso .....	1,451.00	1,761.00	3,212.00	90.00
Fremont .....	562.00	921.50	1,483.50	75.00
Garfield .....	231.50	182.50	414.00	15.00
Huerfano .....	152.50	334.00	486.50	61.00
Jefferson .....	182.50	70.50	253.00	-----
Kit Carson .....	473.50	211.50	685.00	30.00
Lake .....	182.50	182.50	365.00	30.50
La Plata .....	328.00	-----	328.00	-----
Larimer .....	1,409.50	1,490.00	2,899.50	120.00
Las Animas .....	706.00	1,324.00	2,030.00	135.00
Lincoln .....	198.00	23.50	221.50	-----
Logan .....	-----	17.00	17.00	22.00
Mesa .....	447.00	593.00	1,040.00	120.00
Moffatt .....	24.00	-----	24.00	-----
Morgan .....	-----	171.00	171.00	15.00
Otero .....	751.00	457.50	1,208.50	-----
Prowers .....	334.00	270.00	604.00	15.00
Pueblo .....	1,602.50	1,640.00	3,242.50	135.00
Rio Grande .....	-----	107.50	107.50	30.00
Routt .....	114.00	182.50	296.50	15.00
Sedgwick .....	117.50	-----	117.50	-----
Teller .....	-----	128.50	128.50	15.00
Weld .....	1,333.50	916.00	2,249.50	75.00
Yuma .....	189.00	496.00	685.00	30.00
Totals .....	\$23,019.50	\$25,987.50	\$49,007.00	\$3,568.00

## FINANCIAL REPORT

Covering Biennial Period from December 1, 1920, to  
November 30, 1922

## GIRLS' CASH FUND

To cash in State Treasury, Dec. 1, 1920.....	\$ 2,034.84	
Balance in hands of Superintendent, Dec. 1, 1920 .....	549.50	
Collected from counties from Dec. 1, 1920, to Nov. 30, 1921.....	23,019.50	
Interest collected on Registered Warrants from Dec. 1, 1920, to Nov. 30, 1921.....	10.99	
Registered Warrants returned from State Treasurer's office .....	92.00	
Collected from counties from Dec. 1, 1921, to Nov. 30, 1922.....	25,987.50	
Interest collected on Registered Warrants from Dec. 1, 1921, to Nov. 30, 1922.....	42.14	
Received from El Paso County for Operation, Jennie Farrington's eyes.....	75.00	
Insurance on Garage.....	149.95	
By Vouchers from Dec. 1, 1920, to Nov. 30, 1921 .....		\$12,928.16
By Vouchers from Dec. 1, 1921, to Nov. 30, 1922 .....		32,974.02
Balance in hands of Superintendent, Nov. 30, 1922 .....		1,579.00
Balance in State Treasury, Nov. 30, 1922.....		4,480.24
	<u>\$51,961.42</u>	<u>\$51,961.42</u>

## MAINTENANCE FUND

To Appropriation .....	\$65,000.00	
By Vouchers .....		\$65,000.00
	<u>\$65,000.00</u>	<u>\$65,000.00</u>

## REPAIR FUND

To Appropriation .....	\$ 2,000.00	
By Voucher .....		\$ 2,000.00
	<u>\$ 2,000.00</u>	<u>\$ 2,000.00</u>

## REVOLVING FUND

Balance Dec. 1, 1920.....	\$ 151.00	
Balance Nov. 30, 1922.....		\$ 151.00
	<u>\$ 151.00</u>	<u>\$ 151.00</u>

# DISTRIBUTION OF EXPENDITURES FOR BIENNIAL PERIOD

From December 1, 1920, to November 30, 1922

	Girls' Cash Fund	Gen. Main Fund	Repair Fund	Total
Salaries .....	\$21,417.96	\$23,321.50	.....	\$ 44,739.46
Provisions .....	4,885.61	11,814.24	.....	16,699.85
Shoes and Clothing.....	1,761.73	3,721.93	.....	5,483.66
Fuel .....	1,910.39	7,658.84	.....	9,569.23
Household Supplies and Renewals .....	1,007.81	4,989.04	.....	5,996.85
School Supplies .....	375.00	467.26	.....	842.26
Office Supplies .....	520.12	571.89	.....	1,092.01
Transportation Expenses Board at Crittenton	51.68	191.66	.....	243.34
Home .....	826.70	1,968.59	.....	2,795.29
Hospital Expenses .....	1,198.17	2,321.02	.....	3,519.19
Automobile .....	250.12	1,360.94	.....	1,611.06
Repairs and Renewals....	615.56	2,241.44	\$2,000.00	4,857.00
Miscellaneous Expenses..	67.82	36.40	.....	104.22
Insurance .....	1,787.59	551.37	.....	2,338.96
Farm and Garden.....	243.76	569.49	.....	813.25
Live Stock .....	157.70	66.83	.....	224.53
Implements and Tools....	175.82	207.92	.....	383.74
Barn Expenses .....	452.13	1,083.23	.....	1,535.36
Electric Light and Power	917.42	1,498.39	.....	2,415.81
Water .....	60.00	197.13	.....	257.13
To Redeem Registered Warrants .....	92.00	.....	.....	92.00
To Finish Purcell Cottage	5,758.76	.....	.....	5,758.76
To Finish Hospital.....	1,290.58	.....	.....	1,290.58
Wiring Picture Machine Room .....	77.75	.....	.....	77.75
Tax Sale Certificate.....	.....	20.00	.....	20.00
Sewage Plant .....	.....	140.89	.....	140.89
	<hr/> \$45,902.18	<hr/> \$65,000.00	<hr/> \$2,000.00	<hr/> \$112,902.18

## EXTENSION

HARVESTING



EXTENDING





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